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“Dr Thomas Latta of Leith, who, during a cholera epidemic in 1832, treated cholera for the first time by the intravenous injection of saline, reporting his findings in a letter to the Lancet in May 1832, has been forgotten. His use of intravenous saline was for the time a remarkable attempt to correct the catastrophic loss of body fluids which is the main cause of death in cholera. Many decades were to pass before fluid replacement became recognised as the standard treatment that is in use today” (MacGillivray 2008).

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If you want to read more about Thamas Latta you will find an excellent article by Neil MacGillivray here.
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