The importance of central line-associated bloodstream infection (CLABSI) prevention has been increasingly recognized over the last 2 decades in acute care settings” Keller et al (2018).

Abstract:
The importance of central line-associated bloodstream infection (CLABSI) prevention has been increasingly recognized over the last 2 decades in acute care settings. National policies focusing on surveillance and reporting of CLABSI's and focusing on CLABSI prevention in acute care settings have had a major impact on patient safety in the acute care setting. Over the last 20 years, national acute care CLABSI rates have dropped up to 50%.1-4

Reference: