



Aim of the study was to observe and analyze the clinical effect of phellodendron wet compress in treating the phlebitis caused by infusion” Wan (2018).

Abstract:

Aim of the study was to observe and analyze the clinical effect of phellodendron wet compress in treating the phlebitis caused by infusion. The research objects were 600 cases of phlebitis caused by infusion, all of which were treated in our hospital from June 2013 to June 2016. All patients were entitled to the right to know. They were randomly divided into the research group and the control group. Patients in the control group were treated with magnesium sulfate solution wet compress, while patients in the research group were treated with phellodendron wet compress. The effects in these two groups were observed and compared. Compared with the control group, the research group has better overall treatment efficiency,  $p < 0.05$ ; shorter average onset of action,  $p < 0.05$ ; less time in relieving red swelling and pain,  $p < 0.05$ . Phellodendron wet compress shows a beneficial effect in treating the phlebitis caused by infusion. It can not only obviously shorten the onset of action, but also level up the overall treatment efficiency that helps patients to recover.

Reference:

Wan, Y. (2018) Observation for clinical effect of phellodendron wet compress in treating the phlebitis caused by infusion. Pakistan Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences. 31(3(Special)), p.1099-1102.

